

## Modelltheorie II

### Homework Sheet 4

Deadline: 22.05.2023, 14 Uhr

**Exercise 1** (4 Points). Show that the theory DLO of dense linear orders without endpoints eliminates finite imaginaries.

**Exercise 2** (10 Points). For  $\kappa \geq \aleph_0$  sufficiently large, consider a  $\kappa$ -saturated  $\kappa$ -strongly homogeneous model  $\mathbb{U}$  of a complete first-order theory  $T$  with infinite models in a fixed language  $\mathcal{L}$ .

- Given a real element  $a$  and a subset  $B$  of real parameters in  $\mathbb{U}$  such that  $a$  is algebraic over  $B$  in the corresponding expansion  $\mathbb{U}^{eq}$  as an  $\mathcal{L}^{eq}$ -structure, show that the  $\mathcal{L}$ -type  $\text{tp}(a/B)$  contains an algebraic formula.
- Suppose now that  $f$  is a partial elementary map with  $|\text{Dom}(f)| < \kappa$ . Given an imaginary element  $\alpha$  in  $\mathbb{U}^{eq}$ , show that there is an extension  $\tilde{f}$  of  $f$  to a partial elementary map of  $\mathbb{U}^{eq}$  whose domain contains  $\alpha$ .

Deduce that the groups  $\text{Aut}(\mathbb{U})$  and  $\text{Aut}(\mathbb{U}^{eq})$  are isomorphic.

- Let  $X$  an infinite interpretable subset (for some finite cartesian product of sorts in  $\mathbb{U}^{eq}$ ). Show that  $|X(\mathbb{U}^{eq})| \geq \kappa$ , without assuming that compactness holds in many-sorted logic.

We assume now that  $T$  is the theory of the field of real numbers in the ring language.

- Consider the following equivalence relation on  $\mathbb{U}$ :

$$x \simeq y \iff 0 \leq |x - y| < \frac{1}{n} \text{ for all } n \text{ in } \mathbb{N}.$$

Show that  $\simeq$  is not definable.

- If we now restrict  $\simeq$  to the definable interval  $X = [0, 1]$ , what is the cardinality of  $X(\mathbb{U}) / \simeq$ ?

**Exercise 3** (6 Points). For  $\kappa \geq \aleph_0$  sufficiently large, consider a  $\kappa$ -saturated  $\kappa$ -strongly homogeneous model  $\mathbb{U}$  of a complete first-order theory  $T$  with infinite models in a fixed language  $\mathcal{L}$ .

- Given an  $\mathcal{L}$ -substructure  $\mathcal{M}$  of  $\mathbb{U}$ , denote by  $\mathcal{M}^{eq}$  the collection of imaginaries with a representative in  $\mathcal{M}$ . Show that  $\mathcal{M}^{eq}$  is an  $\mathcal{L}^{eq}$ -substructure of  $\mathbb{U}^{eq}$ .
- Show that  $\mathcal{M}^{eq}$  is an elementary substructure of the model  $\mathbb{U}^{eq}$  of  $T^{eq}$  if  $\mathcal{M} \preceq \mathbb{U}$ .
- Given a subset  $A$  of  $\mathbb{U}$ , show (without assuming compactness in many-sorted logic) that

$$\text{acl}^{eq}(A) = \bigcap_{\substack{\mathcal{M} \preceq \mathbb{U} \\ A \subset \mathcal{M}}} \mathcal{M}^{eq}.$$

**Hint:** Write a suitable partial type in infinitely many real variables.